AUTOMATON

5.69 clause_and			
	DESCRIPTION	LINKS	AUTOMATON
Origin	Logic		
Constraint	$clause\_and(POSVARS, NEGVARS, VAR)$		
Synonym	clause.		
Arguments	POSVARS : collection NEGVARS : collection VAR : dvar	on(var-dvar) on(var-dvar)	
Restrictions	$\begin{array}{l}  \texttt{POSVARS}  +  \texttt{NEGVARS}  > \\ \hline \texttt{required}(\texttt{POSVARS},\texttt{var}) > \\ \texttt{POSVARS}.\texttt{var} \geq 0 \\ \texttt{POSVARS}.\texttt{var} \leq 1 \\ \hline \texttt{required}(\texttt{NEGVARS},\texttt{var}) \\ \verb{NEGVARS}.\texttt{var} \geq 0 \\ \verb{NEGVARS}.\texttt{var} \leq 1 \\ \hline \texttt{VAR} \geq 0 \\ \verb{VAR} \leq 1 \end{array}$	> 0 ) )	
Purpose	Given a first collection of 0 of 0-1 variables NEGVARS = $U_2 \wedge \cdots \wedge U_p \wedge (\neg V_1 \wedge \neg V_1)$	-1 variables POSVARS = = $V_1, V_2, \ldots, V_n$ , and a $\neg V_2 \land \cdots \land \neg V_n$ ).	$U_1, U_2, \ldots, U_p$ , a second collection variable VAR, enforce VAR = $(U_1 \land$
Example	$(\langle 1,0 angle,\langle 0 angle,0)$		
Typical	POSVARS  +  NEGVARS  >	> 1	
Symmetries	<ul><li>Items of POSVARS are</li><li>Items of NEGVARS are</li></ul>	e permutable. e permutable.	
Arg. properties	<ul><li>Extensible wrt. POSV</li><li>Extensible wrt. NEGV</li></ul>	TARS when $VAR = 0$ . TARS when $VAR = 0$ .	
Remark	The clause_or constraint is	called clause in Geco	le (http://www.gecode.org/).
Systems	reifiedAnd in <b>Choco,</b> cla	ause i <b>n Choco,</b> clause	in Gecode.
See also	common keyword: and, cla	ause_or (Boolean const	raint).

816

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Keywords

 ords
 characteristic of a constraint: automaton, automaton without counters, reified automaton constraint.

 constraint network structure: Berge-acyclic constraint network.

 constraint type: Boolean constraint.

 filtering: arc-consistency.

Automaton

Figure 5.171 depicts the automaton associated with the clause\_and constraint:

- To the argument VAR of the clause\_and constraint corresponds the first signature variable.
- To each variable of the argument POSVARS corresponds a signature variable.
- Finally, to each variable VAR<sub>i</sub> of the argument NEGVARS corresponds a signature variable that is the negation of VAR<sub>i</sub>.



Figure 5.171: Automaton of the clause\_and constraint (PVAR<sub>i</sub> and NVAR<sub>i</sub> respectively denote variables of POSVARS and NEGVARS)



Figure 5.172: Hypergraph of the reformulation corresponding to the automaton of the clause\_and constraint (VAR<sub>1</sub>,..., VAR<sub>n</sub> denotes PVAR<sub>1</sub>,..., PVAR<sub>|POSVARS|</sub>, 1 - NVAR<sub>1</sub>,..., 1 - NVAR<sub>|NEGVARS|</sub>)