

**5.86 connected**

	DESCRIPTION	LINKS	GRAPH
<b>Origin</b>	[142]		
<b>Constraint</b>	connected(NODES)		
<b>Argument</b>	NODES : collection(index-int, succ-svar)		
<b>Restrictions</b>	<pre>required(NODES, [index, succ]) NODES.index ≥ 1 NODES.index ≤  NODES  distinct(NODES, index) NODES.succ ≥ 1 NODES.succ ≤  NODES </pre>		
<b>Purpose</b>	<p>Consider a digraph <math>G</math> described by the NODES collection. Select a subset of arcs of <math>G</math> so that the corresponding graph is symmetric (i.e., if there is an arc from <math>i</math> to <math>j</math>, there is also an arc from <math>j</math> to <math>i</math>) and connected (i.e., there is a path between any pair of vertices of <math>G</math>).</p>		
<b>Example</b>	$\left( \begin{array}{ll} \text{index} - 1 & \text{succ} - \{1, 2, 3\}, \\ \text{index} - 2 & \text{succ} - \{1, 3\}, \\ \text{index} - 3 & \text{succ} - \{1, 2, 4\}, \\ \text{index} - 4 & \text{succ} - \{3, 5, 6\}, \\ \text{index} - 5 & \text{succ} - \{4\}, \\ \text{index} - 6 & \text{succ} - \{4\} \end{array} \right)$ <p>The connected constraint holds since the NODES collection depicts a symmetric graph involving a single connected component.</p>		
<b>Typical</b>	NODES  > 1		
<b>Symmetry</b>	Items of NODES are <a href="#">permutable</a> .		
<b>Algorithm</b>	A filtering algorithm for the connected constraint is sketched in [142, page 88]. Beside the pruning associated with the fact that the final graph is symmetric, it is based on the fact that all bridges and cut vertices on a path between two vertices that should for sure belong to the final graph should also belong to the final graph.		
<b>See also</b>	<p><b>common keyword:</b> <a href="#">symmetric</a> (<i>symmetric</i>).</p> <p><b>implies:</b> <a href="#">strongly_connected</a>.</p> <p><b>used in graph description:</b> <a href="#">in_set</a>.</p>		
<b>Keywords</b>	<p><b>constraint arguments:</b> constraint involving set variables.</p> <p><b>constraint type:</b> graph constraint.</p> <p><b>filtering:</b> DFS-bottleneck.</p> <p><b>final graph structure:</b> connected component, symmetric.</p>		

<b>Arc input(s)</b>	NODES
<b>Arc generator</b>	$CLIQUE \mapsto collection(nodes1, nodes2)$
<b>Arc arity</b>	2
<b>Arc constraint(s)</b>	$in\_set(nodes2.index, nodes1.succ)$
<b>Graph property(ies)</b>	$NCC = 1$
<b>Graph class</b>	<b>SYMMETRIC</b>

**Graph model**

Part (A) of Figure 5.197 shows the initial graph from which we start. It is derived from the set associated with each vertex. Each set describes the potential values of the succ attribute of a given vertex. Part (B) of Figure 5.197 gives the final graph associated with the **Example** slot.

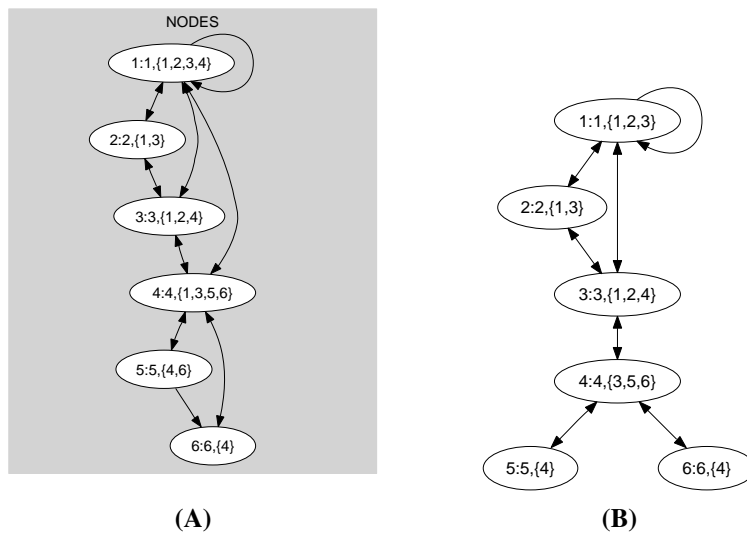


Figure 5.197: Initial and final graph of the connected set constraint