5.146 elements

	DESCRIPTION	LINKS	GRAPH
Origin	Derived from element.		
Constraint	elements(ITEMS,TABLE)		
Arguments	ITEMS : collection(in TABLE : collection(in	ndex-dvar,value-dvar) ndex-int,value-dvar)	
Restrictions	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{required}(\texttt{ITEMS}, [\texttt{index}, \texttt{v}]\\ \texttt{ITEMS.index} \geq 1\\ \texttt{ITEMS.index} \leq \texttt{TABLE} \\ \textbf{required}(\texttt{TABLE}, [\texttt{index}, \texttt{v}]\\ \texttt{TABLE.index} \geq 1\\ \texttt{TABLE.index} \leq \texttt{TABLE} \\ \textbf{distinct}(\texttt{TABLE}, \texttt{index}) \end{array}$	value]) value])	
Purpose	All the items of ITEMS should	d be equal to one of the entrie	s of the table TABLE.
Example	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \langle \texttt{index} - 4 \texttt{ value} - 9 \\ \texttt{index} - 1 \texttt{ value} \\ \langle \texttt{index} - 2 \texttt{ value} \\ \texttt{index} - 3 \texttt{ value} \\ \texttt{index} - 4 \texttt{ value} \end{array}\right)$ The elements constraint ho sponds to an item of the TABLE corresponds to the fourth item of ITEMS corresponds to the fin	$0, \text{ index } -1 \text{ value } -6\rangle$, a = -6, a = -9, a = -2, a = -9 a = -9 a = -2, a = -9 a =	first argument ITEMS corredex -4 value $-9\rangle$ of ITEMS item $\langle index - 1 $ value $-6 \rangle$
Typical	<pre> ITEMS > 1 range(ITEMS.index) > 1 TABLE > 1 range(TABLE.value) > 1</pre>		
Symmetries	 Items of ITEMS are per Items of TABLE are per All occurrences of two swapped; all occurren renamed to any unused 	mutable. mutable. o distinct values in ITEMS.va ces of a value in ITEMS.va l value.	lue or TABLE.value can be lue or TABLE.value can be
Arg. properties	Functional dependency: ITEM	S.value determined by ITEM	S.index and TABLE.

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Usage	Used for replacing several element constraints sharing exactly the same table by a single constraint.
Reformulation	The elements($\langle index - I_1 value - V_1, index - I_2 value - V_2, \ldots, index - I_{ ITEMS } value - V_{ ITEMS } \rangle$, TABLE) constraint can be expressed in term of a conjunction of ITEMS elem constraints of the form: elem($\langle index - I_1 value - V_1 \rangle$, TABLE), elem($\langle index - I_2 value - V_2 \rangle$, TABLE), elem($\langle index - I_{ ITEMS } value - V_{ ITEMS } \rangle$, TABLE).
See also	implied by: elem, elements_alldifferent.
Keywords	 constraint arguments: pure functional dependency. constraint type: data constraint, system of constraints. filtering: arc-consistency. modelling: table, shared table, functional dependency.
Cond. implications	<pre>elements(ITEMS, TABLE) with distinct(ITEMS, index) and TABLE.value ≥ 0 implies bin_packing_capa(TABLE, ITEMS).</pre>

Arc input(s)	ITEMS TABLE
Arc generator	$PRODUCT \mapsto \texttt{collection}(\texttt{items}, \texttt{table})$
Arc arity	2
Arc constraint(s)	 items.index = table.index items.value = table.value
Graph property(ies)	NARC= ITEMS

Parts (A) and (B) of Figure 5.320 respectively show the initial and final graph associated with the **Example** slot. Since we use the **NARC** graph property, the arcs of the final graph are stressed in bold.



Figure 5.320: Initial and final graph of the elements constraint

SignatureSince all the index attributes of TABLE collection are distinct and because of the first
condition items.index = table.index of the arc constraint, a source vertex of the final
graph can have at most one successor. Therefore |ITEMS| is the maximum number of arcs
of the final graph and we can rewrite NARC = |ITEMS| to NARC \geq |ITEMS|. So we
can simplify NARC to NARC.

Graph model