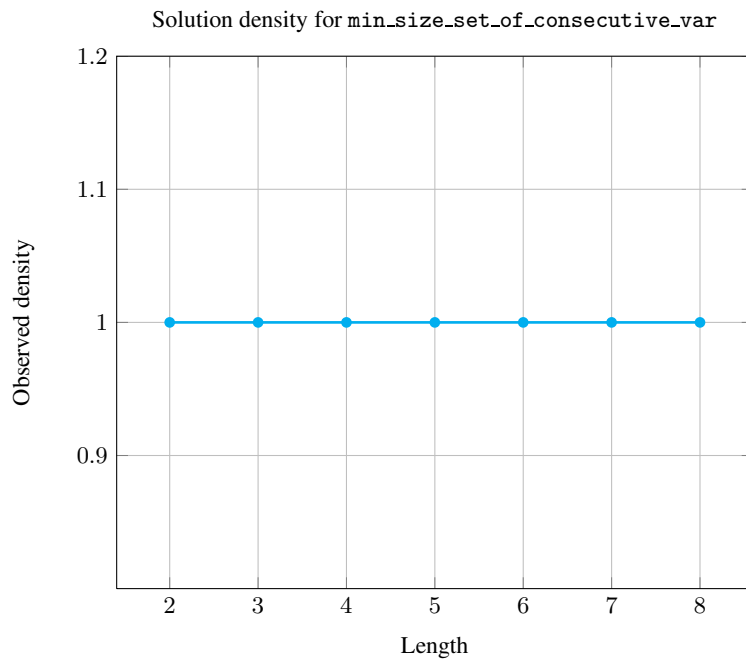
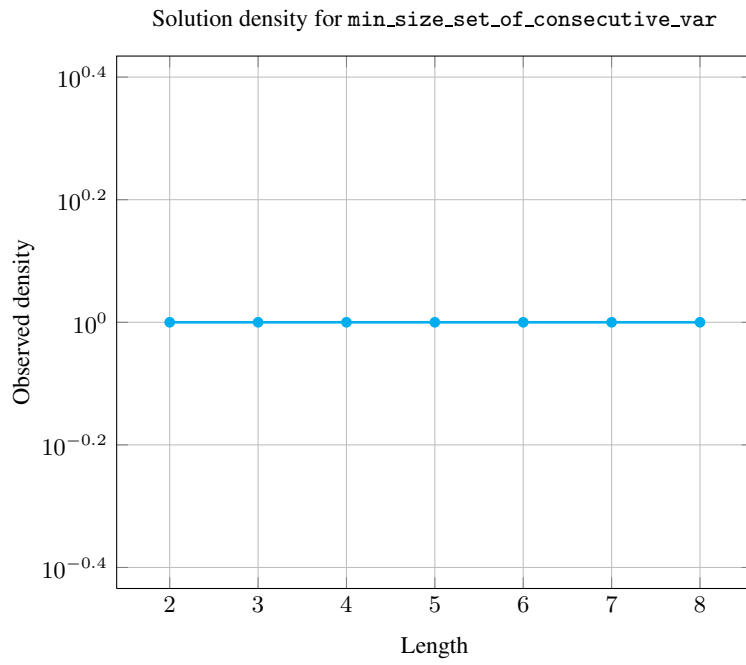


**5.259 min\_size\_set\_of\_consecutive\_var**

	DESCRIPTION	LINKS	GRAPH
<b>Origin</b>	N. Beldiceanu		
<b>Constraint</b>	<code>min_size_set_of_consecutive_var(MIN, VARIABLES)</code>		
<b>Arguments</b>	MIN : <code>dvar</code> VARIABLES : <code>collection(var-dvar)</code>		
<b>Restrictions</b>	$MIN \geq 1$ $MIN \leq  VARIABLES $ <code>required(VARIABLES, var)</code>		
<b>Purpose</b>	<div style="border: 1px solid pink; padding: 5px;">           MIN is the size of the smallest set of variables of the collection VARIABLES that all take their value in a set of <a href="#">consecutive values</a>.         </div>		
<b>Example</b>	<div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <math>(4, \langle 3, 1, 3, 7, 4, 1, 2, 8, 7, 6 \rangle)</math>  <math>(4, \langle 3, 1, 3, 2 \rangle)</math> </div> <p>In the first example, the two parts 3, 1, 3, 4, 1, 2 and 7, 8, 7, 6 take respectively their values in the two following sets of <a href="#">consecutive values</a> {1, 2, 3, 4} and {6, 7, 8}. Consequently, the corresponding <code>min_size_set_of_consecutive_var</code> constraint holds since the cardinality of the smallest set of variables is 4.</p>		
<b>Typical</b>	$MIN > 1$ $MIN <  VARIABLES $ $ VARIABLES  > 0$ <code>range(VARIABLES.var) &gt; 1</code>		
<b>Symmetries</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Items of VARIABLES are <a href="#">permutable</a>.</li> <li>• All occurrences of two distinct values of VARIABLES.var can be <a href="#">swapped</a>.</li> <li>• One and the same constant can be <a href="#">added</a> to the var attribute of all items of VARIABLES.</li> </ul>		
<b>Arg. properties</b>	<a href="#">Functional dependency</a> : MIN determined by VARIABLES.		
<b>Counting</b>			

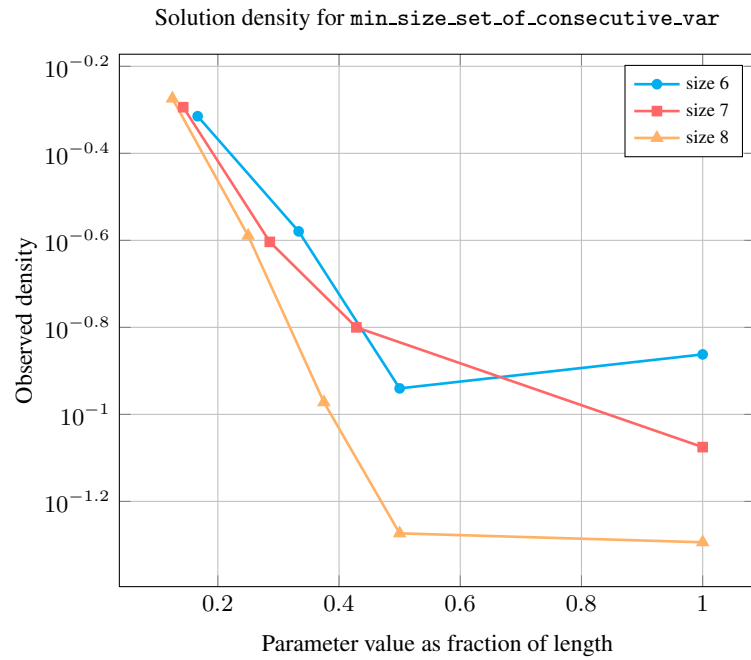
Length ( <i>n</i> )	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Solutions	9	64	625	7776	117649	2097152	43046721

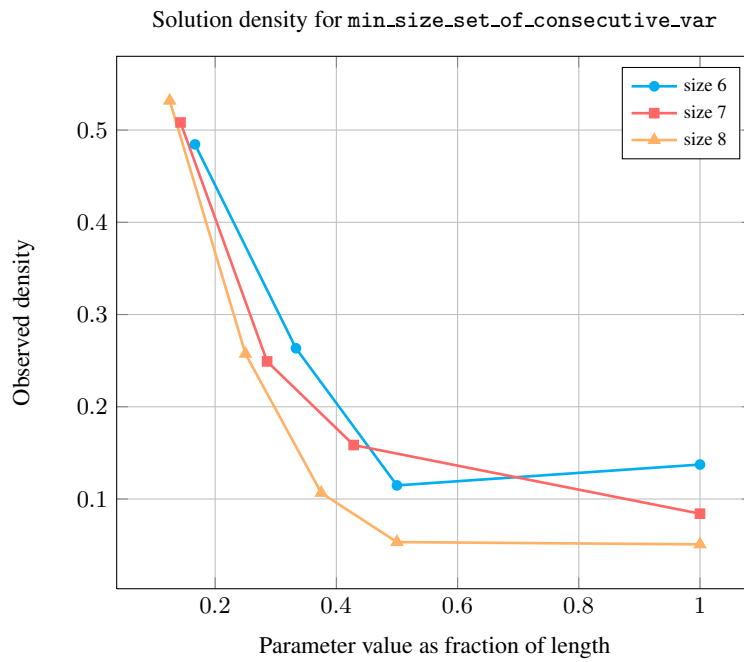
Number of solutions for `min_size_set_of_consecutive_var`: domains 0..*n*



Length ( $n$ )		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Total		9	64	625	7776	117649	2097152	43046721
Parameter value	1	2	30	276	3580	57000	1065834	22894984
	2	7	-	132	2480	30990	522522	11080412
	3	-	34	-	-	13500	332430	4590208
	4	-	-	217	-	-	-	2293480
	5	-	-	-	1716	-	-	-
	6	-	-	-	-	16159	-	-
	7	-	-	-	-	-	176366	-
	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	2187637

Solution count for min\_size\_set\_of\_consecutive\_var: domains 0..n



**See also**

**common keyword:** `nset_of_consecutive_values` (*consecutive values*).

**Keywords**

**application area:** assignment.

**characteristic of a constraint:** consecutive values, minimum.

**constraint arguments:** pure functional dependency.

**constraint type:** value constraint.

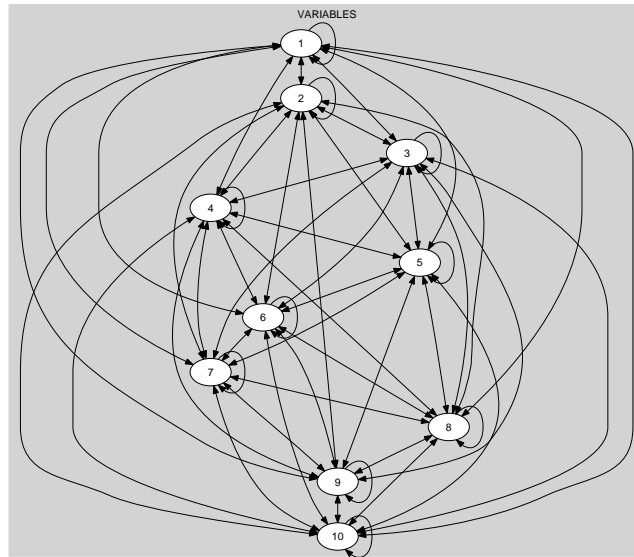
**modelling:** functional dependency.

<b>Arc input(s)</b>	VARIABLES
<b>Arc generator</b>	<i>CLIQUE</i> $\mapsto$ <code>collection(variables1, variables2)</code>
<b>Arc arity</b>	2
<b>Arc constraint(s)</b>	$\text{abs}(\text{variables1.var} - \text{variables2.var}) \leq 1$
<b>Graph property(ies)</b>	<u><i>MIN_NSCC</i></u> = MIN

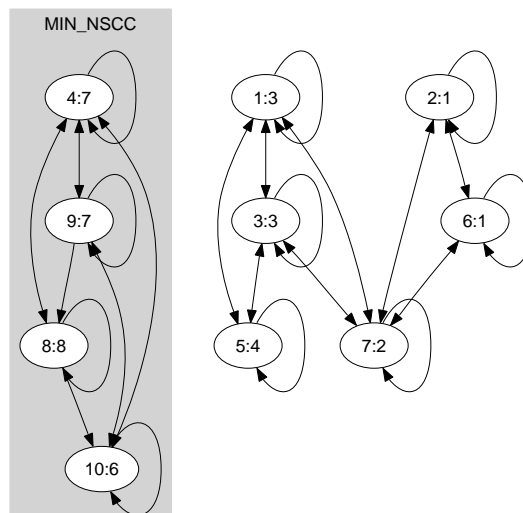
**Graph model**

Since the arc constraint is symmetric each strongly connected component of the final graph corresponds exactly to one connected component of the final graph.

Parts (A) and (B) of Figure 5.544 respectively show the initial and final graph associated with the first example of the **Example** slot. Since we use the *MIN\_NSCC* graph property, we show the smallest strongly connected component of the final graph.



(A)



MIN\_NSCC=4

(B)

Figure 5.544: Initial and final graph of the min\_size\_set\_of\_consecutive\_var constraint