

## 5.153 equilibrium

### DESCRIPTION

### LINKS

**Origin** Inspired by the Irish Collegiate Programming Competition 2012 (equilibrium index)

**Constraint**

```
equilibrium (
    VARIABLES,
    INDEX1,
    INDEX2,
    EPSILON,
    COEF1,
    COEF2,
    TOLERANCE,
    CTR
)
```

**Synonym**

balanced.

**Arguments**

```
VARIABLES : collection(var-dvar)
INDEX1    : dvar
INDEX2    : dvar
EPSILON   : int
COEF1     : int
COEF2     : int
TOLERANCE : int
CTR       : atom
```

**Restrictions**

```

|VARIABLES| ≥ 1
INDEX1 ≥ 1
INDEX1 ≤ |VARIABLES|
INDEX2 ≥ 1
INDEX2 ≤ |VARIABLES|
INDEX1 ≤ INDEX2
EPSILON ≥ 0
EPSILON ≤ 2
EPSILON = INDEX2 - INDEX1
COEF1 ≠ 0
COEF2 ≠ 0
TOLERANCE ≥ 0
CTR ∈ [
among_diff_0,
and,
change,
deepest_valley,
highest_peak,
increasing_nvalue,
inflexion,
longest_change,
longest_decreasing_sequence,
longest_increasing_sequence,
max_decreasing_slope,
max_increasing_slope,
min_decreasing_slope,
min_increasing_slope,
min_width_peak,
min_width_valley,
peak,
sum_ctr,
valley
]

```

Given VARIABLES =  $\langle \text{VAR}_1, \text{VAR}_2, \dots, \text{VAR}_{|\text{VARIABLES}|} \rangle$ , enforce the following conditions:

- INDEX1  $\geq 1$
- INDEX2  $\geq 1$
- EPSILON  $\geq 0$
- INDEX1  $\leq$  INDEX2
- COEF1  $\neq 0$
- INDEX1  $\leq$  |VARIABLES|
- INDEX2  $\leq$  |VARIABLES|
- EPSILON  $\leq 2$
- INDEX2 - INDEX1 = EPSILON
- TOLERANCE  $\geq 0$
- COEF2  $\neq 0$

### Purpose

```

if CTR = change :
  change(C1,  $\langle \text{VAR}_1, \dots, \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX1}} \rangle, \neq$ )
  change(C2,  $\langle \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX2}}, \dots, \text{VAR}_{|\text{VARIABLES}|} \rangle, \neq$ )
if CTR = longest_change :
  longest_change(C1,  $\langle \text{VAR}_1, \dots, \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX1}} \rangle, \neq$ )
  longest_change(C2,  $\langle \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX2}}, \dots, \text{VAR}_{|\text{VARIABLES}|} \rangle, \neq$ )
if CTR = sum_ctr :
  sum_ctr( $\langle \text{VAR}_1, \dots, \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX1}} \rangle, =, C_1$ )
  sum_ctr( $\langle \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX2}}, \dots, \text{VAR}_{|\text{VARIABLES}|} \rangle, =, C_2$ )
otherwise :
  CTR(C1,  $\langle \text{VAR}_1, \dots, \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX1}} \rangle$ )
  CTR(C2,  $\langle \text{VAR}_{\text{INDEX2}}, \dots, \text{VAR}_{|\text{VARIABLES}|} \rangle$ )

|COEF1 · C1 - COEF2 · C2| ≤ TOLERANCE

```

### Example

```

( $\langle 4, 4, 3, 6, 2 \rangle, 2, 4, 2, 1, 1, 0, \text{sum\_ctr}$ )
( $\langle -2, 5, -2, 6, -1, 0, -3, 5, -7, 6, -1, 7, 0 \rangle, 5, 5, 0, 1, 1, 0, \text{sum\_ctr}$ )
( $\langle -2, 5, -2, 6, -1, 0, -3, 5, -7, 6, -1, 7, 0 \rangle, 11, 11, 0, 1, 1, 0, \text{sum\_ctr}$ )
( $\langle 0, 3, 2, 6, 2, 2, 5, 8, 7, 6, 7, 3 \rangle, 5, 7, 2, 1, 1, 0, \text{peak}$ )
( $\langle 0, 5, 3, 8, 2, 2, 5, 5, 8, 7, 2, 7, 3 \rangle, 7, 7, 0, 1, 1, 0, \text{change}$ )

```

The first example,  $\text{equilibrium}(\langle 4_1, 4_2, 3_3, 6_4, 2_5 \rangle, \mathbf{2, 4, 2, 1, 1, 0, \text{sum\_ctr}})$ , holds since:

- INDEX1 = 2 ≥ 1,
- INDEX2 = 4 ≥ 1,
- EPSILON = 2 ≥ 0,
- INDEX1 = 2 ≤ INDEX2 = 4,
- C<sub>1</sub> = 4<sub>1</sub> + 4<sub>2</sub> = 8,
- INDEX2 - INDEX1 = EPSILON = 2,
- INDEX1 = 2 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 5,
- INDEX2 = 4 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 5,
- EPSILON = 2 ≤ 2,
- TOLERANCE = 0 ≥ 0,
- C<sub>2</sub> = 6<sub>4</sub> + 2<sub>5</sub> = 8,
- |1 · 8 - 1 · 8| ≤ TOLERANCE = 0.

$|1 \cdot 8 - 1 \cdot 8| \leq \text{TOLERANCE} = 0$

			4 <sub>2</sub>	3 <sub>3</sub>	6 <sub>4</sub>	2 <sub>5</sub>	VARIABLES
			8	11	17	15	SUM on prefixes
19	15	11	8	2			SUM on suffixes
4 <sub>1</sub>	4 <sub>2</sub>	3 <sub>3</sub>	6 <sub>4</sub>	2 <sub>5</sub>			VARIABLES

EPSILON = 2

Figure 5.326: Illustration of the first example of the **Example** slot

The second example,  $\text{equilibrium}(\langle -2_1, 5_2, -2_3, 6_4, -1_5, 0_6, -3_7, 5_8, -7_9, 6_{10}, -1_{11}, 7_{12}, 0_{13} \rangle, \mathbf{5, 5, 0, 1, 1, 0, \text{sum\_ctr}})$ , holds since:

- INDEX1 = 5 ≥ 1,
- INDEX2 = 5 ≥ 1,
- EPSILON = 0 ≥ 0,
- INDEX1 = 5 ≤ INDEX2 = 5,
- C<sub>1</sub> = -2<sub>1</sub> + 5<sub>2</sub> - 2<sub>3</sub> + 6<sub>4</sub> - 1<sub>5</sub> = 6,
- INDEX2 - INDEX1 = EPSILON = 0,
- INDEX1 = 5 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 13,
- INDEX2 = 5 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 13,
- EPSILON = 0 ≤ 2,
- TOLERANCE = 0 ≥ 0,
- C<sub>2</sub> = -1<sub>5</sub> + 0<sub>6</sub> - 3<sub>7</sub> + 5<sub>8</sub> - 7<sub>9</sub> + 6<sub>10</sub> - 1<sub>11</sub> + 7<sub>12</sub> + 0<sub>13</sub> = 6,
- |1 · 6 - 1 · 6| ≤ TOLERANCE = 0.

$|1 \cdot 6 - 1 \cdot 6| \leq \text{TOLERANCE} = 0$        $|1 \cdot 6 - 1 \cdot 6| \leq \text{TOLERANCE} = 0$

-2 <sub>1</sub>	5 <sub>2</sub>	-2 <sub>3</sub>	6 <sub>4</sub>	-1 <sub>5</sub>	0 <sub>6</sub>	-3 <sub>7</sub>	5 <sub>8</sub>	-7 <sub>9</sub>	6 <sub>10</sub>	-1 <sub>11</sub>	7 <sub>12</sub>	0 <sub>13</sub>	VARIABLES
-2	3	1	7	6	6	3	8	1	7	6	13	13	SUM on prefixes
13	15	10	12	6	7	7	10	5	12	6	7	0	SUM on suffixes
-2 <sub>1</sub>	5 <sub>2</sub>	-2 <sub>3</sub>	6 <sub>4</sub>	-1 <sub>5</sub>	0 <sub>6</sub>	-3 <sub>7</sub>	5 <sub>8</sub>	-7 <sub>9</sub>	6 <sub>10</sub>	-1 <sub>11</sub>	7 <sub>12</sub>	0 <sub>13</sub>	VARIABLES

EPSILON = 0      EPSILON = 0

Figure 5.327: Illustration of the second and third examples of the **Example** slot

The third example,  $\text{equilibrium}(\langle -2_1, 5_2, -2_3, 6_4, -1_5, 0_6, -3_7, 5_8, -7_9, 6_{10}, -1_{11}, 7_{12}, 0_{13} \rangle, \mathbf{11, 11, 0, 1, 1, 0, \text{sum\_ctr}})$ , holds since:

- INDEX1 = 11 ≥ 1,
- INDEX2 = 11 ≥ 1,
- EPSILON = 0 ≥ 0,
- INDEX1 = 11 ≤ INDEX2 = 11,
- $C_1 = -2_1 + 5_2 - 2_3 + 6_4 - 1_5 + 0_6 - 3_7 + 5_8 - 7_9 + 6_{10} - 1_{11} = 6,$
- INDEX2 - INDEX1 = EPSILON = 0,
- INDEX1 = 11 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 13,
- INDEX2 = 11 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 13,
- EPSILON = 0 ≤ 2,
- TOLERANCE = 0 ≥ 0,
- $C_2 = -1_{11} + 7_{12} + 0_{13} = 6,$
- $|1 \cdot 6 - 1 \cdot 6| \leq \text{TOLERANCE} = 0.$

The fourth example, equilibrium( $\langle 0_1, 3_2, 2_3, 6_4, 2_5, 2_6, 5_7, 8_8, 7_9, 6_{10}, 7_{11}, 3_{12} \rangle$ , 5, 7, 2, 1, 1, 0, peak), holds since:

- INDEX1 = 5 ≥ 1,
- INDEX2 = 7 ≥ 1,
- EPSILON = 2 ≥ 0,
- INDEX1 = 5 ≤ INDEX2 = 7,
- the sequence  $0_1 3_2 2_3 6_4 2_5$  contains 2 peaks,
- INDEX2 - INDEX1 = EPSILON = 2,
- INDEX1 = 5 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 12,
- INDEX2 = 7 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 12,
- EPSILON = 2 ≤ 2,
- TOLERANCE = 0 ≥ 0,
- The sequence  $5_7 8_8 7_9 6_{10} 7_{11} 3_{12}$  contains 2 peaks,
- $|1 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 2| \leq \text{TOLERANCE} = 0.$

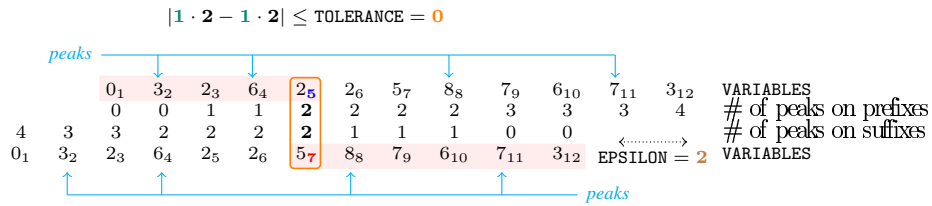


Figure 5.328: Illustration of the fourth example of the Example slot

The fifth example, equilibrium( $\langle 0_1, 5_2, 3_3, 8_4, 2_5, 2_6, 5_7, 5_8, 8_9, 7_{10}, 2_{11}, 7_{12}, 3_{13} \rangle$ , 7, 7, 0, 1, 1, 0, change), holds since:

- INDEX1 = 7 ≥ 1,
- INDEX2 = 7 ≥ 1,
- EPSILON = 0 ≥ 0,
- INDEX1 = 7 ≤ INDEX2 = 7,
- the sequence  $0_1, 5_2, 3_3, 8_4, 2_5, 2_6, 5_7$  contains 5 changes,
- INDEX2 - INDEX1 = EPSILON = 0,
- INDEX1 = 7 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 12,
- INDEX2 = 7 ≤ |VARIABLES| = 12,
- EPSILON = 0 ≤ 2,
- TOLERANCE = 0 ≥ 0,
- The sequence  $5_7, 5_8, 8_9, 7_{10}, 2_{11}, 7_{12}, 3_{13}$  contains 5 changes,
- $|1 \cdot 5 - 1 \cdot 5| \leq \text{TOLERANCE} = 0.$

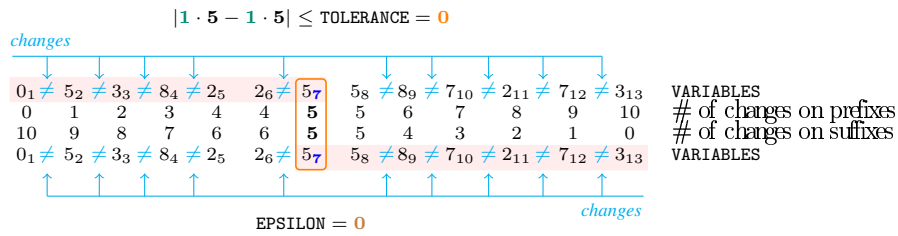


Figure 5.329: Illustration of the fifth example of the **Example** slot

**Typical**

```

|VARIABLES| > 2
INDEX1 > 1
INDEX1 < |VARIABLES|
INDEX2 > 1
INDEX2 < |VARIABLES|
COEF1 = 1
COEF2 = 1
EPSILON = 1
TOLERANCE = 0

```

**See also**

[root concept: balance.](#)

**Keywords**

[characteristic of a constraint: automaton with counters.](#)