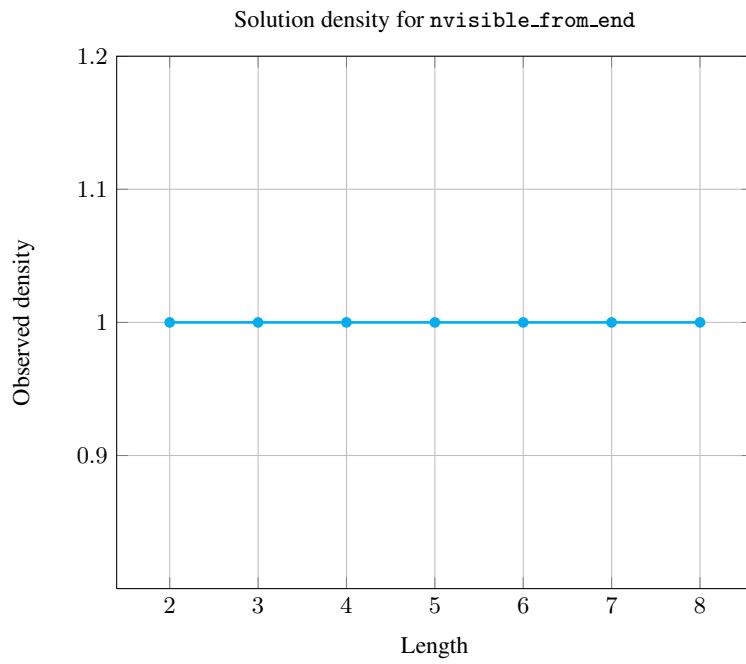
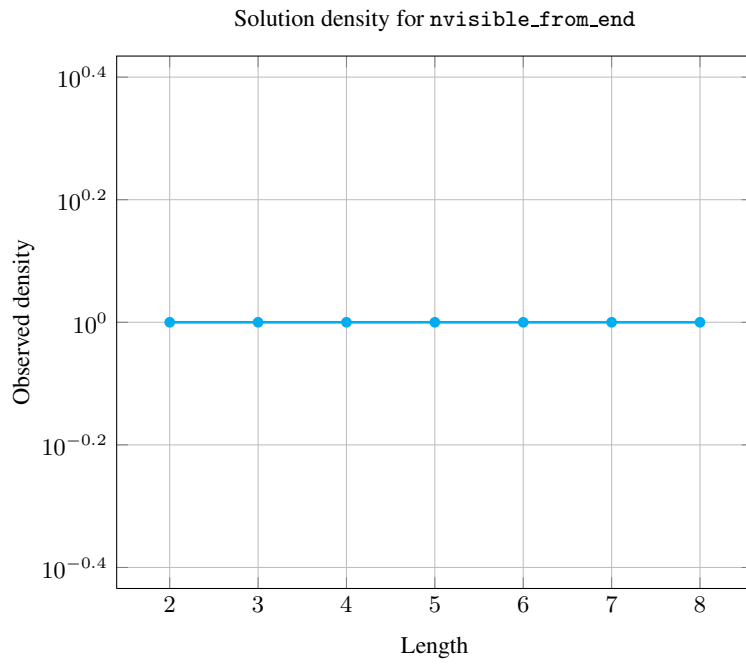


5.292 `nvisible_from_end`

	DESCRIPTION	LINKS	AUTOMATON
Origin	Derived from <code>nvisible_from_start</code>		
Constraint	<code>nvisible_from_end(N, VARIABLES)</code>		
Synonyms	<code>nvisible</code> , <code>nvisible_from_right</code> .		
Arguments	N : <code>dvar</code> VARIABLES : <code>collection(var—dvar)</code>		
Restrictions	<code>required(VARIABLES, var)</code> $N \geq \min(1, VARIABLES)$ $N \leq VARIABLES $		
Purpose	<p>The i^{th} ($1 \leq i \leq VARIABLES$) variable of the sequence VARIABLES is <i>visible</i> if and only if all variables after the i^{th} variable are strictly smaller than the i^{th} variable itself. N is the total number of visible variables of the sequence of variables VARIABLES.</p>		
Example	<div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> $(2, \langle 1, 6, 2, 1, 4, 8, 2 \rangle)$ $(1, \langle 3, 6, 2, 1, 4, 8, 8 \rangle)$ $(7, \langle 9, 8, 7, 5, 4, 3, 2 \rangle)$ </div> <p>The first <code>nvisible_from_end</code> constraint holds since the sequence 1 6 2 1 4 8 2 contains two visible items that respectively correspond to the seventh and sixth items.</p>		
Typical	$ VARIABLES > 2$ <code>range(VARIABLES.var) > 2</code>		
Symmetry	One and the same constant can be <code>added</code> to the <code>var</code> attribute of all items of VARIABLES.		
Arg. properties	Functional dependency: N determined by VARIABLES.		
Counting			

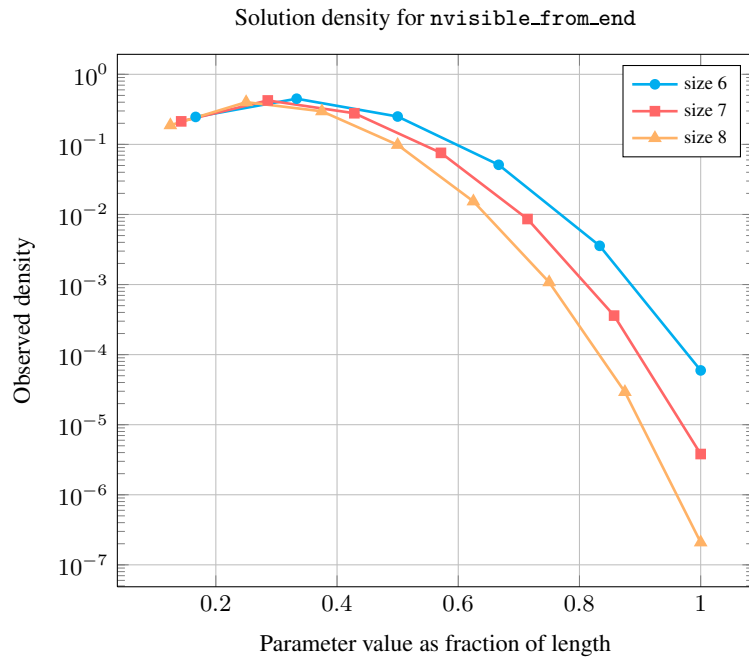
Length (n)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Solutions	9	64	625	7776	117649	2097152	43046721

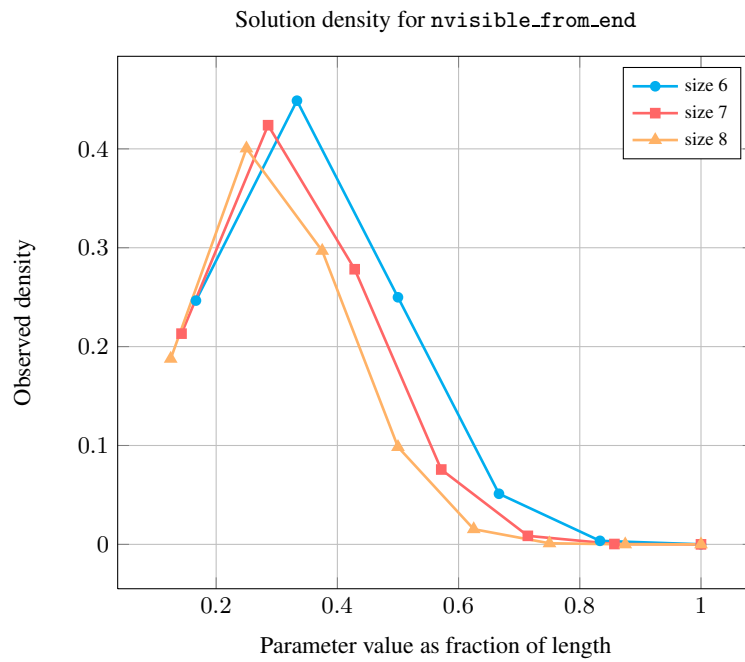
Number of solutions for `nvisible_from_end`: domains 0.. n



Length (n)		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Total		9	64	625	7776	117649	2097152	43046721
Parameter value	1	6	30	225	2275	29008	446964	8080425
	2	3	30	305	3675	52794	889056	17238570
	3	-	4	90	1610	29400	583548	12780180
	4	-	-	5	210	6020	158760	4238367
	5	-	-	-	6	420	18060	661500
	6	-	-	-	-	7	756	46410
	7	-	-	-	-	-	8	1260
	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	9

Solution count for nvisible_from_end: domains 0..n



**See also**

implies: `atleast_nvalue`.

related: `nvisible_from_start` (count from the start of the sequence rather than from the end).

Keywords

combinatorial object: sequence.

constraint arguments: pure functional dependency.

modelling: functional dependency.

Automaton

Figure 5.607 depicts the automaton associated with the `nvisible_from_end` constraint.

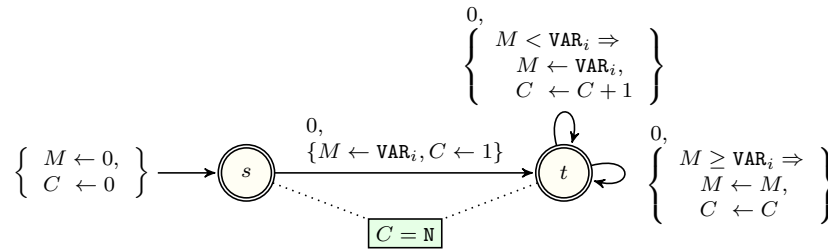


Figure 5.607: Automaton of the `nvisible_from_end` constraint with two counters M and C , where M records the largest value encountered so far, and C the number of visible values from the right hand side of the sequence $\text{VAR}_1, \text{VAR}_2, \dots, \text{VAR}_n$ (i.e., the sequence $\text{VAR}_n, \text{VAR}_{n-1}, \dots, \text{VAR}_1$ is passed to the automaton)

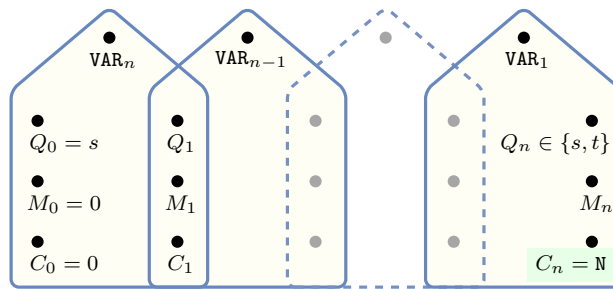


Figure 5.608: Hypergraph of the reformulation corresponding to the automaton (with two counters) of the `nvisible_from_end` constraint (since all states of the automaton are accepting there is no restriction on the last variable Q_n)

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