\overline{NARC} , PATH

5.326 precedence

DESCRIPTION LINKS GRAPH

Origin Scheduling

Purpose

Argument TASKS : collection(origin-dvar,duration-dvar)

Restrictions required(TASKS, [origin, duration])

 ${\tt TASKS.duration} \geq 0$

All consecutive pairs of tasks of the collection TASKS should be ordered (i.e., the end of the first task of a pair should be less than or equal to the start of the second task of the same pair).

Example $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{origin} - 1 & \text{duration} - 3, \\ \text{origin} - 4 & \text{duration} - 0, \\ \text{origin} - 5 & \text{duration} - 2, \end{array} \right)$

Since the tasks are ordered (i.e., $1+3 \le 4, \, 4+0 \le 5, \, 5+2 \le 8$) the precedence constraint holds.

 ${\tt duration}-1$

Typical |TASKS| > 2

 ${\tt TASKS.duration} \geq 1$

Symmetries • TASKS.duration can be decreased to any value ≥ 0 .

• One and the same constant can be added to the origin attribute of all items of TASKS.

Arg. properties Contractible wrt. TASKS.

See also common keyword: increasing (order constraint).

implies: disjunctive.

implies (items to collection): lex_chain_lesseq.

Keywords constraint type: decomposition, order constraint.

filtering: arc-consistency.

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Arc input(s)	TASKS
Arc generator	$PATH \mapsto \texttt{collection}(\texttt{tasks1}, \texttt{tasks2})$
Arc arity	2
Arc constraint(s)	${\tt tasks1.origin} + {\tt tasks1.duration} \leq {\tt tasks2.origin}$
Graph property(ies)	NARC = TASKS - 1

Graph model

Since we are only interested by the constraints linking two consecutive items of the collection TASKS we use *PATH* to generate the arcs of the initial graph.

Parts (A) and (B) of Figure 5.656 respectively show the initial and final graph of the first example of the **Example** slot. Since we use the **NARC** graph property, the arcs of the final graph are stressed in bold.

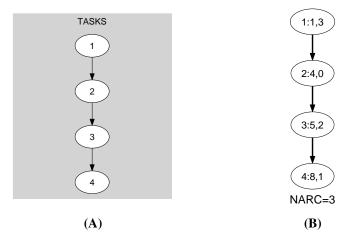


Figure 5.656: Initial and final graph of the precedence constraint